



can share that bread with him more joyfully than I could share with you the wealth they say you are acquiring."

"Hessie, if you think I came with one thought of asking aught for myself, you are mistaken. That time has passed with me forever! But with regard to David Foster, you are willing to share poverty with him; I do not blame you for it. Are you willing to bring that poverty upon him? Will it be a happy thought, to when you see his father's home in a stranger's possession, that but for you he might still have dwelt upon his own inheritance? Will no blush of shame mantle your cheek, when you remember that ruin and beggary were your bridal dower?"

(Concluded to-morrow.)

## The Daily News.

**NEWPORT:**  
Published every morning (Sundays excepted)  
BY GEORGE T. HAMMOND,  
At 123 Thames Street:  
**SATURDAY, MARCH 26, 1859.**

### Republican Nominations.

(Election Wednesday, April 6th.)

FOR GOVERNOR  
**THOS. G. TURNER,**  
Of Warren.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR  
**THOMAS J. HILL,**  
Of Warwick.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE  
**JOHN R. BARTLETT,**  
Of Providence.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL  
**JEROME B. KIMBALL,**  
Of Providence.

FOR GENERAL TREASURER  
**ROBERT R. CARR,**  
Of Newport.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE TO CONGRESS.

Eastern District,  
**THOMAS DAVIS,**  
Of North Providence.

Western District,  
**WILLIAM D. BRAYTON,**  
Of Warwick.

### Mr. Jefferson on Cuba.

The name of Thomas Jefferson is so honored by all Americans that the temptation to use it for party purposes is very great. It is identified with that deep Republican spirit which was always the foundation of political action in this country from the time when the Federal party lost the prestige of Washington's name to the time when the Slave power seized the pseudo-Democratic party of the present day as its tool. To claim Thomas Jefferson as a politician of the Buchanan and Seward school is an outrage upon the memory of a true patriot; and the foolish story lately foisted upon the country under the name of a distinguished but very infirm officer, in regard to the destination of his gun-boats to Cuba, is another of the same stamp. We are glad to see that the *National Intelligencer* has taken the pains thoroughly to refute the slander. It shows that that system of defence was authorized by Congress in February, 1803. At that time this country had difficulties with Spain, chiefly in relation to the navigation of the Mississippi river, the Intendant of Louisiana having, in violation of the treaty of 1795, between the United States and Spain, issued a proclamation excluding the port of New Orleans as a depot for our commerce. The subject was debated in Congress with closed doors. Finally, an act was passed leaving the whole matter to the President's discretion, with sufficient powers to raise men in each state, to be employed as an army in case of emergency. "But," adds the *Intelligencer*, in giving this narrative, "nothing was said in the debate on this subject, so far as we can discover, which pointed to the prospective employment of the gun-boats as a means of aggression against Cuba or any other part of the Spanish dominions." It adds: "Indeed the conduct of President Jefferson towards Spain at this period was eminently pacific, and the Federal party was not slow to tax him with the consequences of a weak and vacillating policy. If at this date Mr. Jefferson proposed to terminate our territorial difficulties with Spain by the peaceful acquisition of Florida, it seems difficult to conceive that he entertained at the same time the proposition of applying his gun-boats to the seizure of the island of Cuba."

To its own brief but lucid narrative of the events of that time the *Intelligencer* adds a statement "from the pen of a gentleman distinguished not less for his scholarly attainments than for the high position he has long held in the public service," remarking that the "historical facts derived from them, correspond entirely with the result of our recollection and investigations." From this statement it appears, we think conclusively, that President Jefferson never contemplated the filibustering project attributed to him by Commodore Stewart. Mr. Jefferson, it is well known, was always opposed to the creation of a United States navy. In 1806 he recommended as a system of defence

the employment of "heavy cannon on travelling carriages, to be sent to each port town, the militia being trained to use them; and, beside, to have floating batteries or boats so stationed as to prevent a vessel entering the harbor, or after entering to force her departure. The defence of our seaport towns, he thought, would require two hundred and forty of these boats, costing one million of dollars," to be distributed as follows:

To the Mississippi and its neighboring waters	boats 40
To Savannah and Charleston and the harbors on each side from St. Mary's to Currituck,	" 25
To the Chesapeake and its waters, to Delaware bay and river,	" 20
To New York, the Sound and waters as far as Cape Cod,	" 60
To Boston and harbors north of Cape Cod,	" 50

In the message recommending this course he expressly declared that this armament was proposed merely for defensive operations; that it would do little toward protecting our commerce on the open seas, even on our own coast, and would furnish no means for offensive maritime war. In his annual message to Congress in 1807, he informs that body that the gun-boats had been built and had been chiefly assigned to New York, New Orleans and the Chesapeake, as places most likely to need protection in case of war. The author of the communication to the *Intelligencer* further says:

But I do not find that Mr. Jefferson ever contemplated the seizure of Cuba. In 1807 he thought that, in the event of war with Spain, we might take the Floridas, and that Cuba might add herself to our Confederacy. On the 12th of August, 1808, he wrote separate letters to the Secretaries of War and Navy. To the latter he says: "Should Bonaparte get to rights with us while Bonaparte is at war with Spain, the moment may be favorable to take possession of our own territory held by Spain, and so much more as may make a proper reprisal for her spoliation. We ought, therefore, to direct the rendezvous of our southern recruits and gun-boats so as to be in proper position for striking the stroke when Congress shall will it."

In the letter to Gen. Dearborne, then Secretary of War, he shows at what Spanish territory the blow was to be struck. To him he says:—"Should England make up with us while Bonaparte continues at war with Spain, a moment may occur when we may, without commitment with either France or England, seize to our own limits of Louisiana as of right, and the residue of the Floridas as reprisal for spoliation." He then submits the position to be taken by our armed vessels and troops. "The force near Baton Rouge he considers enough for that, and thinks that we should prepare for Mobile, Pensacola, and St. Augustine. In all this there is not a word of Cuba, and it is not to be doubted that this is the plan with which Commodore Stewart may have been acquainted, and which after the lapse of forty years, he may be pardoned for not remembering accurately. In fact, when the United States took possession of Baton Rouge, and all that part of Louisiana which was withheld from us by Spain in violation of our rights under the treaty of 1803, negotiated by Chas. Livingston and Mr. Monroe.

Our secret history in regard to this territory is instructive, and shows how cautious both Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Madison were not to infringe the exclusive constitutional power of Congress to make war. They held that the President could not seize by force the unquestionable territory of the Union when withheld from us in Spain, because to do so would be an act of war, and therefore Executive usurpation. During the Presidency of Mr. Madison, Mr. Jefferson did suppose that the conquest of Spain by Bonaparte would "force a delicate question on you (the President) as to the Floridas and Cuba which will offer them selves to you." It was in this letter to Mr. Madison that he expressed the singular opinion that Cuba could be defended without a navy; an opinion shared in by no practical man, I take it, at the present day. Yet he held the opinion also that we never should accept anything which would require a navy to defend it.—(Fifth vol., p. 445.)

In 1823 he wrote to Mr. Monroe that if we could induce Great Britain to join us in guaranteeing Cuba to Spain "it would be nearly as valuable to us as if it were our own." He retracted this opinion soon after upon being informed that the Cubans would prefer to be a State in the Union than a colony of Great Britain, and his conclusion was that it was "better to lie still, in readiness to receive that interesting incorporation when solicited by herself."

The *N. Y. Tribune* asks:

Why do ex-Judges of Criminal Courts in this city, from the hour they leave the bench, become the chosen counsel of ticket-swindlers, gamblers, pickpockets, fighting-men and prostitutes?

The answer is not difficult to those who know the stuff of which Police Justices and other Criminal dignitaries are made in that city under the elective system. Not merely those who have left the bench, but some who are still upon it are the "chosen counsel" and sworn friends of the worst portion of the community. The administration of criminal justice in that city, except where great public attention is drawn to an important case, is a horrible farce; a farce in its manner, and horrible in its substantial results.

D. O. King Esq. of this city was announced to read a paper before the American Geographical and Statistical Society in New York, on Thursday last, on "Siam," containing a description of the extensive Temple of Cambodia, of which no mention has been made by previous travelers.

Frederick A. Moffit, son of J. Newman Moffit, was arrested in Cincinnati on Wednesday, charged with getting money under false pretences.

### LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

We learn from the *Tamworth Gazette*, that efforts are being made to establish a daily communication between that place and Newport by steamer the coming season, touching at Fall River. It is a general complaint, that there is no public conveyance from here to Fall River in the morning, nor from that place here in the afternoon, and a reliable boat, that would connect with the accommodation train to and from Boston at Fall River, would undoubtedly be well patronized; and it is, in our opinion, because they have not done this, that previous enterprises of this nature have never been better sustained. Experience has shown, that a boat cannot make the trip from Taunton to Newport and back in a day, and allow sufficient time here to make it an object for persons to come either for purposes of business or pleasure; but let an arrangement be entered into between a steamer and the railroads, by which passengers would be conveyed to Fall River by the latter, and thence directly to Newport by steamer, and it might prove a profitable operation for all parties, as well as a decided convenience to the public.

**THE WEEKLY NEWS.**—The reception of our new Weekly has been favorable beyond our most sanguine expectations. Many who are subscribers to the Daily, have subscribed also for the Weekly, and ordered it sent to their friends, the sons and daughters of Newport residing in other places. One dollar and a quarter thus invested, cannot, we think, prove otherwise than an acceptable present to the absent ones, who will thus be kept posted on whatever of interest is transpiring here.

**THE WORK DOES BRAVELY ON.**—The letter to the Philharmonic Society, (published in the News last Monday), has been signed by about fifty of our citizens, pledging about two hundred tickets. This letter, we have no doubt, will be preserved and read for a long time, and the liberality of its signers be remembered with pleasure by the members, to whom it is addressed. It is still being circulated for signatures, and we hope that the signers may be increased four-fold, and the tickets pledged in the same ratio. Such an organization as the Philharmonic, is an honor to our city, and should be supported in a liberal manner.

By an advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Dr. Wood proposes to open a juvenile singing school, to be held Saturday afternoons in Harmony Hall.

The general wish in regard to the escaped prisoners from the jail is this city is, so far as we have heard, that they may keep going, till they reach "land's end."

In the Court of Justices yesterday, nearly all the cases were continued, with the consent of parties. Two or three civil cases were disposed of.

The funeral of Mr. William H. Barker takes place at 2 1/2 o'clock to-day, from the residence of his wife, Mrs. Barker.

**THE SICKLES CASE.**—A Washington correspondent of the *Philadelphia Bulletin* says:

Mr. Sickles has employed an experienced corps of phonographic writers to report his trial verbatim for publication in pamphlet form. The plan of the prosecution—I have it from unquestionable authority—will be for the District Attorney to first prove the killing of Mr. Key, and then rest the case. The defence will then be, most probably, to make the crime justifiable, and to do this, evidence of character will be admitted, involving the circumstances of the illicit connection, which will subject witnesses to a rigid cross-examination. It will then be incumbent on the prosecution to introduce evidence touching the character of the defendant.

There are a host of reporters and correspondents here from the distant press, who intend taking notes of the trial. Not one-half of them can be accommodated in the ill-arranged court-house, and there is an evident disposition on the part of certain officers of the court to oust many of them. The correspondent of the *Times*, under date of March 23d, says:

Several members of the Washington bar held a meeting a few evenings since, to consider the propriety of appointing one of their number to aid in the prosecution of Mr. Sickles. Another meeting will be held to-morrow, and the impression is that Mr. Carlisle or Mr. Bradley will be selected. The grand jury expect to be discharged on Friday. The indictment against Mr. Sickles cannot be held back much longer.

**LATER FROM HAYTI.**—Further intelligence has been received from Hayti, to the effect that a strong feeling existed against the late Imperial Ministry, who are accused of pocketing the Government fifth of coffee, amounting to \$2,400,000. The popular rage was not so much against the ex-Emperor as against Vil Lubin and Count Delva. Many persons are said to have suddenly disappeared during the Imperial government. It is said that they were political offenders who had been spirited away to work on the estates of the nobility, at just sufficient to keep body and soul together. It is said that, among the blacks, a good deal of sympathy is expressed for Souleouque; but the mulattoes express none. Many rumors were afloat of large sums of money which have been discovered by the new Government as having been in possession of Souleouque. A bag of gold was reported to have been taken by a gentleman from the men in the neighborhood of the palace, and taken to the new Government. The Secretary of State had offered a reward for the recovery of large quantities of specie, jewelry, &c., said to have disappeared during the disturbances. Nearly \$800,000 in American gold was reported to have been taken from Souleouque just as he was on the point of embarking for Jamaica. Some puerile, but ineffectual attempts have been made to get up a counter-revolution in favor of the ex-Emperor. President Geffard has issued a decree to the effect that from each department of the State a certain number of young men shall be sent to France to be educated at the public expense.

The market was dull. The stock of flour on hand was sufficient for the present wants.

The *Pittsburgh Courier* says that a company of colored persons intending to emigrate westward, communicated with the Land Office in relation to their right of pre-emption of lands and received in reply the following letter:

GENERAL LAND OFFICE,  
March 7, 1859.

SIR: In reply to your letter of the 24th ult., I have to state that under the now settled ruling of this office, which has been announced by the Secretary, colored persons are not citizens of the United States as contemplated by the pre-emption law of the 4th of September, 1841, and are, therefore, not legally entitled to pre-empt public lands.

Very respectfully, your obt. serv't,  
JOS. S. WILSON,  
Acting Commissioner.

If the "ruling" of the Land Office, and the sanction of the Secretary make law, why may it not also be ruled and sanctioned that persons born in Massachusetts are not citizens.

**RELICS.**—A correspondent of *The Hartford Press* writes from Narragansett of a sale of curious relics recently, at that place. They consisted of one large piece of needlework, "wrought by E.ther Powell, and containing quite a variety of birds, animals, trees, butterflies, flowers, &c., sold for between thirty and forty dollars; one for ten dollars, and several for nearly that sum. One piece of plate, weighing, perhaps, four or five dollars, brought sixteen dollars or over. A copy of 'The History of the Parliaments of England,' printed two hundred and eleven years ago, which was once owned by Gov. Coddington's daughter, and bearing her name, was also sold, and a perfect copy of the old Charter of the Colony of Rhode Island, granted by King Charles, printed in Newport by Benjamin Franklin's brother, one hundred and twenty-nine years ago. A bound manuscript, on various subjects, in prose and poetry, by the first mayor of New York, was among the antiquities."

The Hon. George Taylor of New-York is most urgently pressed for the vacant Commission of Patents.

As he was decidedly repudiated by his own district after serving it in Congress for a single term, a large portion of his own party opposing him, he has the strongest possible claim on the Administration for an appointment. To refuse him after carefully providing for every other candidate who has lost an election would be cruel.

**ALL THE GOLD.**—The quantity of gold now in existence in the world is estimated to be three thousand millions of dollars, which, welded into one mass could be contained in a cube of eleven feet—a cubic inch of gold being worth, at \$19.69 per ounce, \$146.

Gen. William T. Haskell, the well-known Tennessee orator and politician, died at the Kentucky Insane Asylum on Sunday last. His relatives reside near Cumberland, R. I., his father having emigrated from that locality about half a century ago.

### News Marine Journal.

#### PORT OF NEWPORT.

**ARRIVED YESTERDAY.**

Sch Gazette, Balch, of and from Barnstable, for New York.

Sch Convert, (of Boston,) Nickerson, Barnstable, for Troy.

Sch Jacob Raymond, Handy, of and from Barnstable, for New York.

Sch Chief, (of Warwick,) Eldridge, Baltimore, for New Bedford.

Sch Panther, (of New Haven,) Glover, Providence, for Orient, N. I.

Sch Samuel L. Crocker, Presbrey, of and from Taunton, for Philadelphia.

Sch Fred. Dyer, (of Belfast,) Potter, Baltimore, for Boston.

Sch Herald, (of Newburyport,) Knight, Baltimore, for New Bedford.

Sch Madonna, (of Bangor,) Vesey, Providence, for Georgetown.

Sch Ocean Wave, (of Bangor,) Vesey, Providence, for Wilmington, N.C.

Sch Israel L. Snow, (of Rockland,) Conery, Providence, for New York.

Sch Belle, Eldridge, Providence, for Nonak.

Sch Florida, Howes, Providence, for Northport.

Pilot boat Effort, (of New Bedford,) from a cruise.

Sloop Oliver Ames, French, New York, of and for Taunton.

Sloop Mary Dallas, Rackett, Providence, for New York.

Sloop Resolution, Lewis, Wickford.

Steamer Perry, Allen, Providence.

Steamer Bay State, Jewett, New York.

#### IN PORT.

Sch Swan, Bacon, of and from Clinton, for Nantucket.

Also in port, the arrivals of the day.

ATLANTIC MAIL, 6 1/2 P.M.—At sea, Cuttyhunk bound north about 4 miles, a large two-masted vessel with a ship in tow, standing west. Probably the tug-boat Wm. H. Webb, of New York, with ship Shooting Star, (new, of Boston,) which went ashore on Tuesday night of 23d, while being towed from Portsmouth, N. H., where she was built, to New York, by the W. H. Webb.

**TOMATOES,** and Green Corn, in tin cans preserved fresh, for sale by  
H. S. BARKER,  
123 Thames-st.

#### List of Voters, Newport.

The Board of Aldermen, are posted up in the following places:

First Ward—Store of Thomas T. Carr, Thicket street; store of Daniel C. Denham, Thicket street; corner Bridge street.

Second Ward—South entry of State House, John D. Dennis, store, Broad street.

Third Ward—Store, Broad street.

John C. Aldman's store, entry of City Hall; Fourth Ward—In Post Office—Thomas Spooner's shop, John street.

Fifth Ward—Christopher T. White's store, Spring street—Clark H. Burdick's store, Thicket street.

And all the several lists are posted up in the City Clerk's office.

The Board of Aldermen will meet on Saturday, the 24th day of April next, in the Mayor and Aldermen's Chamber in the City Hall, at 10 o'clock, a.m., to correct the said lists for the annual Ward Meetings, to be held on the 6th day of April next.

B. B. HOWLAND, City Clerk.

**ORANGE**—Said to be a fine article, for sale at YOUNG'S, corner Thames and Milk-sts.

### Now this Morning.

(For Auction Sales see 3d page.)

**PAPER HANGINGS.**—A full stock of Paper Hangings this day received, comprising many new styles and patterns, at  
MASON'S,  
m20

**FRUITS.**—A fresh lot of Peaches and Prunes, this day received, at  
MASON'S,  
m20

**FOR SALE.**—Black English Current Bunches, at the Bliss Road Nursery. Apply to  
ALFRED SMITH,  
m20

**BLEACHED and Brown Cottons,** for sale at 126 Thames st.  
C. W. TURNER.  
m26

**ENGLISH PRINTS.**—A lot of Hoyle's Prints of new and elegant style, received at  
C. W. TURNER'S,  
126 Thames-st.

**SPOOL Cotton.**—Taylor's, Clark's, Coates', and Brook's White Spool Cotton, with Black, White and Colored Glaze Thread, at  
C. W. TURNER'S, 126 Thames-st.

**ONIONS.**—Few bushels very fresh and fine, for family use, at 79 Thames-st.  
R. WILSON'S,  
m25

**MAPLE Sugar, Dates, Bird Seed, &c.,** fresh, at  
R. WILSON'S,  
m25

**APPLES.**—Fine Baldwins and Greenings, at  
R. WILSON'S,  
m25

**JUVENILE Music Class.**—The undersigned, having been repeatedly urged to do so, gives notice that if sufficient encouragement offers, he will open a class in Vocal Music, at Harmony Hall. Parents and others will please leave their names at City Music Store.  
T. W. WOOD.

**BUCKWHEAT.**—150 bags choice Buckwheat, at a reduced price, 24 1/2 lb. bags, for 60 cents; 12 1/2 lb. bags, for 25 cents. For sale by  
WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.,  
m24

### STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

[CITY OF NEWPORT.]

**NEWPORT SS.**  
WHEREAS, Wednesday, the sixth day of April next, is, by the Constitution and laws of this State, designated as the day for holding the election of General Officers, the citizens of this city, entitled to vote for General Officers, are hereby warned to assemble in said city, on the day aforesaid, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the following named places:

In 1st Ward, at William Swan's store, Bridge-st.

In 2d Ward, at the State House.

In 3d Ward, at Council Chamber in City Hall.

In 4th Ward, at Engine House No. 6, Spring-st.

In 5th Ward, at Engine House No. 7, Howard-st.

For the purpose of giving in their votes for Governor, Lieut. Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General, and General Treasurer, and for one Senator and five Representatives, to represent this city in the General Assembly of this State, and one Representative to represent the Eastern District of this State in the Thirty-sixth Congress of the United States.

Also, for the election of a Warden and a Ward Clerk for each of the several wards in this city, as the law directs.

Said meetings, according to law, will be kept open until 8 o'clock in the evening, and no longer.

Witness my hand, Newport, March 25th, A. D. 1859.  
B. B. HOWLAND,  
City Clerk.

### BROKE JAIL.—REWARD.

ON Wednesday night last, five persons broke through the door of the State Jail, in the city and county of Newport, and escaped from the drain beneath.

Their names are Patrick Reynolds, an Irishman, George E. Read, an American, James T. Inyard, Mulatto, Hiram Freeborn, American, and Wilson Styles, of Tiverton, colored. The first four belonged in Newport. The first three were to be tried before the Supreme Court next week, and any person who will give me such information as will secure the arrest of said criminals, or who will deliver any of said criminals, and especially either of the first three, into my custody, or into the hands of the jailor, shall be suitably rewarded.

Reynolds is about 25 years old, 5 feet 8 inches in height; Hazard (Mulatto) is about 30 years old, 5 feet 8 inches in height; Read is about 24 years old, 5 feet 8 inches in height.  
WM. DOUGLASS LAKE,  
Sheriff's Office, Newport Co., March 25, 1859.

### Special Notices.

**HAZARD & CASWELL'S PURE & GENUINE LIGHT STRAW COLORED MEDICINAL COD LIVER OIL.**  
PREPARED FROM SELECTED LIVERS ONLY.

The great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Infantile Wasting, General Debility, and all diseases arising from deficient nutrition.

Professor Parker, in the "American Medical Monthly," says:

"We have had patients use it, who had tried almost every manufacturer's oil, and give this the decided preference. It is easily digested, and does what is expected of it. It is of a light straw-color, has none of the rancid fish odor, but is sweet and pleasant."

Professors Palmer and Gundry, in the "Pensinsular Medical Monthly," say:

"We pronounce it to be a free from odor, color and taste, as Cod Liver Oil seemingly can be."

From Professor A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts:

GENTLEMEN:—I have subjected to chemical analysis the Cod Liver Oil prepared and put up for sale by Messrs. Hazard & Caswell, of Newport, R. I. It proves to contain unaltered, the active compounds, essential to efficiency of action; and in comparison with the finest specimens I have seen of foreign domestic origin, it takes the highest place.

The importance of having a reliable source from which this valuable remedy, in a safe and pure form, can be obtained, leads me to recommend, with confidence, this excellent article.

Respectfully,  
A. A. HAYES, M. D., Assayer to State of Massachusetts.

The testimony of every Resident Physician corroborates with the opinion of Professor Hayes, viz.:

James V. Turner, M. D., Theo. C. Dunn, M. D., David King, M. D., H. E. Turner, M. D., Daniel Watson, M. D., Myrtle Watson, M. D., Samuel W. B. M. V.

**HUBBELL,** Chemist, of Philadelphia, says: "It is unequaled by that of any other manufacturer, for freshness, freedom from taste and odor. It is more efficient than any similar article yet offered."

Our Oil, if not too long kept by the dealer is perfectly sweet and palatable, not requiring to be manufactured into emulsions or jellies to conceal a nauseous taste, as inferior Oils do.

The testimony of hundreds, to the same effect, can be presented, but any one acquainted with the sensible properties of the Oil will at once perceive its great superiority over any heretofore offered to the public. Be certain to observe, on the label of each bottle, the signature of Hazard & Caswell, and the name of the City of Newport, R. I.

Address, HAZARD & CASWELL, Chemists and Druggists, Newport R. I. For sale everywhere.

## LATEST NEWS.

### TELEGRAMS

TO THE NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.

FROM CALIFORNIA AND MEXICO.—The California mails, per Quaker City have arrived.

The brig *Swan Key* had been destroyed by the Indians on Bay Indians, in the Nimitz Sound. The crew were captured by the Indians, but were afterwards released.

Advices from China to January 20th, had been received at San Francisco, and mentioned the bombardment of Ningbo, probably by the rebels, though one dispatch leaves us in the dark in the matter.

The bark *Penouille* has been wrecked, and 115 lives thereby lost, at the mouth of the Mackenzie.

The city of Guadalajara, Mexico, was in a state of siege on account of the near approach of the Liberals.

Degallado's force consisted of but 4000 men.

The Liberals had stationed a strong force at the National Bridge to prevent the passage of Minamon. The latter are said to be unprovided with tents.

**VANDERBERG'S** Celebrated Sclerotic Sennaps, a celebrated advertisement in another column. For sale by  
WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.  
a14

### L. L. MOORE & CO.'S

#### LIFE PRESERVING VES.

THE undersigned having received the Agency for the sale of the above named well-known Life Preserver, are now prepared to fill orders for the same, to any extent. The Preserver needs no recommendation on our part, as the recent exhibition of said articles have fully established its value to the mariner and others. The public are particularly requested to call and examine the vessel.

D. J. & N. H. GOULD,  
70 Thames-st.

### HIGHLY Important to both Sexes.

Dr. Larmont's Paris, London and New York Medical Adviser and Mariner's Guide, 30th edition. Over 400 pages, 12mo, 30c. 100 electrotypic engravings. Price \$1.50, mail, 15c extra. Sold by W. A. Townsend & Co., 43 Walker-st., near Broadway. Among its contents is the anatomy of the sexual system, male and female, all their diseases and weaknesses; latest discoveries in re-productive; European hospital practice; quacks, their tricks and specifics; the author's unequalled Paris and London treatment. At 82 Mercer street, corner of Spring, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New York, from 10 A. M. to 1 o'clock, and 8 evenings.

We concur with the other papers, in recommending Dr. Larmont's "Adviser" and his "Coureur des Brats Units." "Adviser," National Democrat, Day Book, Esq., a Standard Railway Advocate, Empire City, Police Gazette, New York Pick, New Brunswick Times, Mercury, Atlas, &c.

121-124 is

### Consumption and Asthma Cured.

#### DR. L. L. MOORE'S

This celebrated article of Bourdon Cured recently introduced, possesses many qualities of great merit, and has cured many cases of Lung Complaints, consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c., as well as diseases of the Liver. It is manufactured exclusively by the undersigned for medicinal purposes, and is prepared from the best of materials, and is expressed by them. As a beverage it has equal and has taken the preference of all other Alcoholic liquors. MARTIN & MILLER, H. Broadway New York.

Sold by WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.

### To Married Ladies.

THE INDIAN REMEDY AGGREGATE is a new medicine designed expressly for women. It is neatly put up in two ounce bottles, and is full of directions for using, and is warranted to cure all cases of female obstruction in 24 hours, or the price will be refunded. It is vegetable and perfectly safe at all times. This is the only medicine of the kind that is warranted in all cases, and is not a mere placebo. Sent by express to all parts of the country. Sent only at Dr. Matthews' Remedial Institute, No. 25 Union Street, Providence, R. I. See advertisement next page.

### CHEWERS of Tobacco.

—We have 125 day received from New York, a large stock of New York Patent Pressed Chaff Tobacco, manufactured by T. G. Gaudin & Bro., which is free from all impurities, and an article superior to any now in use. The process of manufacturing protects the tobacco from the atmosphere, and will prevent it from moulding, and cause it to retain its quality, so that you can rely on the last package in a box to be equal to the first taken out. We recommend it with confidence to our customers.

m23 WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.

### NEW Spring Bonnets.

Just received, a large assortment of Spring Bonnets, consisting of Felt, Calico, Rough and Ready, and Colored Bonnets, all kinds. Rough and Ready Bonnets, fifty cents to one dollar. TRAFER & CO.

### FOR RENT.

A nice cottage in Middle town, about three miles from Newport, in a pleasant situation, and rent moderate. Apply to  
ALFRED SMITH.

### NOTICE is hereby given,

according to law, that a bill has been presented, and is now pending, in the General Assembly of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, to incorporate "The Newport Fire and Marine Insurance Company," a corporation intended to be established with City of Newport in said State, for the purpose of carrying on the business of Fire and Marine Insurance.

Dated Newport, March 26th, 1859.

### BEANS.—One barrel White Beans, 60 lb.

fine, just received, and for sale by  
R. WILSON.

### FLOWER Pots.—Second-hand Flower Pots

taken in exchange for Plants, at R. WILSON'S Greenhouse, Ayrault-st., or 24 Thames-st.

### CLOCKS.—Just received, another set of

hour Clocks. COTTELL & BRYCE.

### HOOPS! HOOPS!—A fine lot of

Driving Hoops, for misses and masters, just received at 129 Thames-st., and many other articles for the young folks.

m20 J. H. GLADING.

### PAPER HANGINGS.—Entire new styles

opened this day, at CORNELL'S,  
m20 17 & 19 Broad-st., and 1 Spring-st.

### FOR RENT.—A small cottage with

acres of land, pleasantly situated in Middletown, about two miles from Newport, rent one hundred dollars, apply to  
ALFRED SMITH.

### PAPER Shell Almonds, just received

at R. S. PARKER,  
m24 163 Thames-st.

### CANTON Preserved Ginger, just imported

and for sale by R. S. PARKER,  
m24 163 Thames-st.





